

VENDOR REQUEST FORM

	GENERAL INFOR	MATION	
NAME OF BUSINESS:			
	STATE:		
WEBSITE ADDRESS:			
CONTRACT ADMIN.:		EMAIL:	
PHONE:		FAX:	
ESTIMATING CONTACT:		EMAIL:	
PHONE:		FAX:	
ACCOUNTING CONTACT:		EMAIL:	
PHONE:		FAX:	
	ORGANIZAT	TION	
CORPORATION	PARTNERSHIP	SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP	LIMITED LIABILITY
OTHER			
DATE FOUNDED:		STATE OF FORMATION:	
FEDERAL EMPLOYER IDENTIFIC	CATION NUMBER (FEIN)		
IS YOUR FIRM A QUALIFIED MIN If yes, please check all that apply:	ORITY BUSINESS?	YES	NO
Disabled Veteran	Emerging Small Business	Veteran	Minority Owned
Small Business	Disadvantaged	HUB Zone	Woman Owned
Section 8(a) Qualified	Native American	Other:	
List All Certifying Agencies:			



VENDOR REQUEST FORM CONCRETE

LICENSING INFORMATION

(PROVIDE ALL TRADE AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSES, IF ANY, REQUIRED TO PERFORM YOUR SERVICE)

Type of License / License Name	State of Issue	License Number					
	WORK CLASSIFICATION						
PROVIDE THE TYPE OF WORK YOU AF	RE INTERESTED IN BIDDING.						
LIST THE TYPE OF WORK YOUR FIRM USUALLY PERFORMS.							
LIST THE FLORIDA COUNTIES YOU PREFER TO WORK.							
THIS VENDOR APPLICATION WAS COMPLETED BY:							
NAME:	TITLE:						
DATE:							



VENDOR REQUEST FORM

LIST PROJECTS FROM PREVIOUS THREE YEARS

Provide the last five projects that your company has worked on as well as a supplemental sheet with the project for the last three years.

	Project Name	Contracted With	Gross Contract Amount	Project Complete? If no, Why?
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				

TRADE REFERENCES Company Name Contact Name Contact Number 1. 2. 3.

	BANK REFERENCE						
Bank Name:							
Reference Name:							
Contact Number:							

PLEASE SUPPLY THE BELOW ITEMS

- Letter of Bonding Capacity (If applicable)
- FDOT pre-qualification Capacity (If applicable)
- MOD/EMR Rate (Workers Comp Rate)



Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Internal	neverlue Service						
	Name (as shown or	n your income tax return)					
ge 2.	Business name/dis	regarded entity name, if different from above					_
Check appropriate box for federal tax classification: Individual/sole proprietor						pt payee	
Print or type c Instructions		ty company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶				,,,	
ᇫ	Other (see ins	structions) >					
pecifi	Address (number, s	street, and apt. or suite no.) Requester's name :	and address	s (option	al)		
See S	City, state, and ZIP	code					
	List account number	er(s) here (optional)					
Par	Taxpa	yer Identification Number (TIN)					
Enter	our TIN in the ap	propriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on the "Name" line Social se	curity numb	oer			
		Iding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a					_
		orietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other	-	-	-		
	s, it is your emplo page 3.	yer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a</i>					_
Note	If the account is in	n more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose	Employer identification number				
	er to enter.	This is than one mane, see the shart on page 4 for galdonness on whose	-				
Part	Certifi	cation					_
Under	penalties of perju	urv. I certify that:					_
		on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be is	sued to m	e), and			
Ser	vice (IRS) that I ar	ackup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been in subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c backup withholding, and					m
3. I ar	n a U.S. citizen or	r other U.S. person (defined below).					
becau interes genera instruc	se you have failed at paid, acquisition	ons. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are current to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 do nor abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retimer than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must property.	es not app irement arr	oly. For rangem	mortgaç nent (IRA	ge	J
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person						

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

Form W-9 (Rev. 12-2011) Page **2**

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,
- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS a percentage of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Partnership, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA) name" on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Disregarded entity. Enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. The name of the entity entered on the "Name" line should never be a disregarded entity. The name on the "Name" line must be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income will be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a domestic owner, the domestic owner's name is required to be provided on the "Name" line. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, you must complete an appropriate Form W-8.

Note. Check the appropriate box for the federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on the "Name" line (Individual/sole proprietor, Partnership, C Corporation, S Corporation, Trust/estate).

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the person identified on the "Name" line is an LLC, check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification in the space provided. If you are an LLC that is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes, enter "P" for partnership. If you are an LLC that has filed a Form 8832 or a Form 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If you are an LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulation section 301.7701-3 (except for employment and excise tax), do not check the LLC box unless the owner of the LLC (required to be identified on the "Name" line) is another LLC that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. If the LLC is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the appropriate tax classification of the owner identified on the "Name" line.



INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Commercial General Liability (CGL) with limits of insurance of not less than \$1,000,000 each occurrence and \$2,000,000 Annual Aggregate. If the CGL coverage contains a General Aggregate Limit, such General Aggregate shall apply separately to each project. CGL coverage shall be written on ISO Occurrence form GC 00 01 1093 or a substitute form providing equivalent coverage and shall cover liability arising from premises, operations, independent contractors, products-completed operations, and personal advertising injury. General Contractor, Owner, and all other parties required of the General Contractor, shall be included as insured on the CGL, using ISO Additional Insured Endorsement CG 20 10 1185 or an endorsement providing equivalent coverage to the additional insured. This insurance for the additional insured shall be as the coverage provided for the named insured subcontractor. It shall supply as Primary Insurance before any other insurance or self-insurance, including any deductible, maintained by, or provided to, the additional insured. Subcontractor shall maintain CGL coverage for itself and all additional insured for the duration of the project and maintain Completed Operations coverage for itself and each additional insured for at least three (3) years after completion of the Work. CGL policies shall not include exclusions pertaining to "Residential Work or Subsidence".
- 2. **Business Auto Liability** with limits of at least \$1,000.000 each accident. Business Auto coverage must include coverage for liability arising out of all owned, leased, hired and non-owned automobiles. General Contractor, Owner and all other parties required of the General Contractor, shall be included as additional insured on the auto policy.
- 3. **Commercial Umbrella** is not required: however, can be used to make up for limit differences.
- 4. Workers Compensation and Employers Liability limits of at least \$500,000 each accident for bodily injury by accident and S500,000 each employee for injury by disease. Where applicable, U.S. Long Shore and Harbor Workers Compensation Act endorsement shall be attached to policy. Where applicable, the Maritime Coverage Endorsement shall be attached to the policy. Workers Compensation Insurance must include coverage for all others of the corporation of members of the LLC.

Certificates and Polices: All Policies

The subcontractor will timely provide the Contractor proof of the above required insurance by delivering certificates of insurance and copies of the policies, including declaration pages. Attached to each certificate of insurance shall be a copy of the Additional Insured Endorsement that is part of the Subcontractor's Commercial General Liability Policy.

Waiver of Subrogation: All Policies

Subcontractor waives all rights against Contractor, Owner and Architect and their Agents, Officers. Directors and Employees for recovery of damages to the extent these damages are covered by commercial general liability, commercial umbrella liability, business auto liability or workers compensation and employers liability insurance maintained per requirements stated above.



CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE

DATE (MM/DD/YYYY) Current date

THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS A MATTER OF INFORMATION ONLY AND CONFERS NO RIGHTS UPON THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. THIS CERTIFICATE DOES NOT AFFIRMATIVELY OR NEGATIVELY AMEND, EXTEND OR ALTER THE COVERAGE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES BELOW. THIS CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE ISSUING INSURER(S), AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OR PRODUCER, AND THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER.

IMPORTANT: If the certificate holder is an ADDITIONAL INSURED, the policy(ies) must be endorsed. If SUBROGATION IS WAIVED, subject to the terms and conditions of the policy, certain policies may require an endorsement. A statement on this certificate does not confer rights to the

certificate floider ill fled	or such endorsement(s).		
PRODUCER		CONTACT NAME:	
Agency name and add	Iress	PHONE FAX (A/C, No, Ext): (A/C, No)	:
		Ë-MAIL ADDRESS:	
		INSURER(S) AFFORDING COVERAGE	NAIC #
		INSURER A: ABC Insurance Company	5 digit code
INSURED		INSURER B:	
Insured		INSURER C:	
name and address		INSURER D:	
		INSURER E:	
		INSURER F:	
COVERAGES	CERTIFICATE NUMBER:	DEVISION NUMBER	

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE POLICIES OF INSURANCE LISTED BELOW HAVE BEEN ISSUED TO THE INSURED NAMED ABOVE FOR THE POLICY PERIOD INDICATED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY REQUIREMENT, TERM OR CONDITION OF ANY CONTRACT OR OTHER DOCUMENT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE ISSUED OR MAY PERTAIN, THE INSURANCE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES DESCRIBED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO ALL THE TERMS, EXCLUSIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SUCH POLICIES. LIMITS SHOWN MAY HAVE BEEN REDUCED BY PAID CLAIMS.

INSR LTR		TYPE OF INSURANCE	ADDL INSD	SUBR	POLICYNUMBER	POLICY EFF (MM/DD/YYYY)	POLICY EXP (MM/DD/YYYY)	LIMIT	s
A	Х	CLAIMS-MADE X OCCUR	Х			Date from	Date to	EACH OCCURRENCE DAMAGE TO RENTED PREMISES (Ea occurrence)	\$ 1,000,000 \$ 300,000
								MED EXP (Any one person) PERSONAL & ADV INJURY	\$ 5,000 \$ 1,000,000
	GEN	VL AGGREGATE LIMIT APPLIES PER:						GENERAL AGGREGATE PRODUCTS - COMP/OP AGG	\$ 2,000,000 \$ 2,000,000
		POLICY JECT LOC						COMBINED SINGLE LIMIT	\$ 2,000,000
А	AUT X	OMOBILE LIABILITY ANY AUTO	x	X	Policy number	Date from	Date to	(Ea accident) BODILY INJURY (Per person)	\$ 1,000,000 \$
А	ALL OWNED SCHEDULE D AUTOS NON-			BODILY INJURY (Per accident) PROPERTY DAMAGE	\$				
	Х	HIRED AUTOS X OWNED AUTOS						(Per accident)	\$
Α	Χ	UMBRELLALIAB X OCCUR	X	X	Policy number	Date from	Date to	EACH OCCURRENCE	\$ 1,000,000
		EXCESS LIAB CLAIMS- DED RETENTION \$	-					AGGREGATE	\$ 1,000,000 \$
Α	AND	KERS COMPENSATION EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY Y/N		Χ	Policy number	Date from	Date to	X PER OTH- STATUTE ER	
	OFFI (Man	PROPRIETOR/PARTNER/EXECUTIVE CER/MEMBER EXCLUDED? N Idatory in NH)	N/A					E.L. EACH ACCIDENT E.L. DISEASE - EA EMPLOYEE	\$ 500,000 \$ 500,000
		s, describe under CRIPTION OF OPERATIONS below						E.L. DISEASE - POLICY LIMIT	\$ 500,000

DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS/LOCATIONS/VEHICLES (ACORD 101, Additional Remarks Schedule, may be attached if more space is required)

Certificate holder, Owner and others required by contract are included as Additional Insured(s) with respects to all policies except Workers' Compensation. General Liability Additional Insured endorsement shall be CG2010 1185 or its equivalent. Such insurance shall be considered primary and non-contributory with respects to the Additional Insured(s). All policies include a Waiver of Subrogation in favor of the Additional Insured(s). General Liability policy does not contain any exclusion pertaining to Residential Work or Subsidence.

CERTIFICATE HOLDER	CANCELLATION
Florida Asphalt & Cement, LLC 1409 Tech Blvd, Suite 1 Tampa, FL 33619	SHOULD ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED POLICIES BE CANCELLED BEFORE THE EXPIRATION DATE THEREOF, NOTICE WILL BE DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICY PROVISIONS.
	AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE